

## **Description**

Provides many of the characteristics of A130 with added lubricity. Suitable for applications requiring excellent wear characteristics. Excellent electrical properties at high frequencies. LCP/PTFE blend.

Chemical abbreviation according to ISO 1043-1: LCP

Inherently flame retardant

FDA compliant version available

UL-Listing V-0 in natural and black at 0.43mm thickness per UL 94 flame testing.

Relative-Temperature-Index (RTI) according to UL 746B: electrical 130°C, mechanical 130°C.

UL = Underwriters Laboratories (USA)

Physical properties	Value	Unit	Test Standard
Density	1500	kg/m³	ISO 1183
Mold shrinkage - parallel	0.0	%	ISO 294-4
Mold shrinkage - normal	0.7	%	ISO 294-4

Mechanical properties	Value	Unit	Test Standard
Tensile modulus (1mm/min)	7000	MPa	ISO 527-2/1A
Tensile stress at break (5mm/min)	160	MPa	ISO 527-2/1A
Tensile strain at break (5mm/min)	6.2	%	ISO 527-2/1A
Flexural modulus (23°C)	7000	MPa	ISO 178
Flexural strength (23°C)	125	MPa	ISO 178
Compressive stress @ 1% strain	38	MPa	ISO 604
Charpy impact strength @ 23°C	86	kJ/m²	ISO 179/1eU
Charpy notched impact strength @ 23°C	28	kJ/m²	ISO 179/1eA
Unnotched impact str (Izod) @ 23°C	67	kJ/m²	ISO 180/1U
Notched impact strength (Izod) @ 23°C	35	kJ/m²	ISO 180/1A
Compressive modulus	6000	MPa	ISO 604
Rockwell hardness	55	M-Scale	ISO 2039-2

Thermal properties	Value	Unit	Test Standard
Melting temperature (10°C/min)	280	°C	ISO 11357-1,-2,-3
DTUL @ 1.8 MPa	165	°C	ISO 75-1/-2
DTUL @ 0.45 MPa	227	°C	ISO 75-1/-2
DTUL @ 8.0 MPa	89	°C	ISO 75-1/-2
Vicat softening temperature B50 (50°C/h 50N)	138	°C	ISO 306
Coeff.of linear therm. expansion (parallel)	0.01	E-4/°C	ISO 11359-2
Coeff.of linear therm. expansion (normal)	0.46	E-4/°C	ISO 11359-2
Flammability at thickness h	V-0	class	UL94

Electrical properties	Value	Unit	Test Standard
Relative permittivity - 100 Hz	3.3	-	IEC 60250
Relative permittivity - 1 MHz	2.7	-	IEC 60250
Dissipation factor - 100 Hz	300	E-4	IEC 60250
Dissipation factor - 1 MHz	160	E-4	IEC 60250
Volume resistivity	1E13	Ohm*m	IEC 60093
Surface resistivity	1E15	Ohm	IEC 60093
Electric strength	36	kV/mm	IEC 60243-1



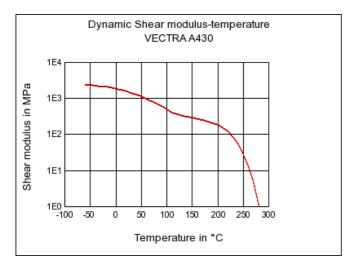


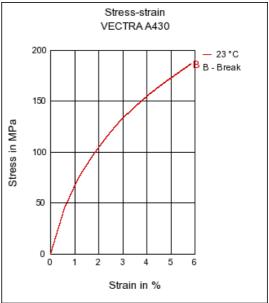
Electrical properties	Value	Unit	Test Standard
Comparative tracking index CTI	225	-	IEC 60112
Arc resistance	130	S	Internal

Test specimen production	Value	Unit	Test Standard
Injection molding melt temperature	293	°C	ISO 294
Injection molding mold temperature	60	°C	ISO 294
Injection molding flow front velocity	150	mm/s	ISO 294
Injection molding hold pressure	48	MPa	ISO 294

# **Dynamic Shear modulus-temperature**

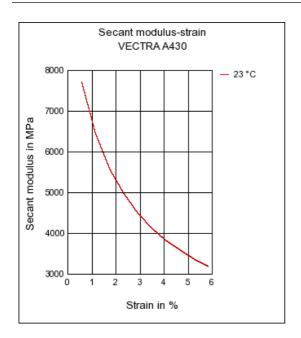
# Stress-strain



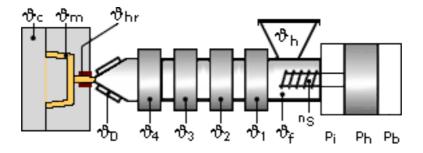




### Secant modulus-strain



## Typical injection moulding processing conditions



#### Pre Drying:

## Necessary low maximum residual moisture content: 0.01%

VECTRA should in principle be predried. Because of the necessary low maximum residual moisture content the use of dry air dryers is recommended. The dew point should be =< -  $40^{\circ}$  C. The time between drying and processing should be as short as possible.

For subsequent storage of the material in the dryer until processed the temperature does not need to be lowered for grades A, B, C, D and V (<= 24 h).

Drying time: 4 - 6 h

Drying temperature: 150 - 150 °C



Temperature:											
	<sup>∿</sup> Manifold	<sup>ϑ</sup> Mold	<sup>ϑ</sup> Melt	<sup>∜</sup> Nozzle	<sup>∜</sup> Zone4	<sup>®</sup> Zone3	<sup>∜</sup> Zone2	<sup>∜</sup> Zone1	<sup>∜</sup> Feed	<sup>ϑ</sup> Hopper	
min (°C)	285	80	285	290	285	280	275	270	60	20	
max (°C)	295	120	295	300	295	290	285	280	80	30	

#### Pressure:

	Inj press	Hold press	Back pressure	
min (bar)	500	500	0	
max (bar)	1500	1500	30	

#### Speed:

#### Injection speed: very fast

#### Screw speed

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Screw diameter (mm)	16	25	40	55	75	
Screw speed (RPM)	200	140	80	-	-	

### Special Info:

When using short metering strokes an accumulator is recommended to get short injection times

#### **Injection Molding**

A three-zone screw evenly divided into feed, compression, and metering zones is preferred. A higher percentage of feed flights may be needed for smaller machines: 1/2 feed, 1/4 compression, 1/4 metering.

Vectra LCPs are shear thinning, their melt viscosity decreases quickly as shear rate increases. For parts that are difficult to fill, the molder can increase the injection velocity to improve melt flow.

# **Contact Information**

#### **Americas**

USA

Ticona North American Headquarters Product Information Service 8040 Dixie Highway Florence, KY 41042

Tel.: +1-800-833-4882
Tel.: +1-859-372-3244
email: prodinfo@ticona.com
Ticona on the web: www.ticona.com

Customer Service Tel.: +1-800-526-4960 Tel.: +1-859-372-3214 Fax: +1-859-372-3125

#### Europe

Ticona GmbH
Information Service

Tel.: +49 (0) 180-5842662 (Germany) +49 (0) 69-30516299 (Europe)

Fax: +49 (0) 180-2021202 (Germany & Europe)

email: infoservice@ticona.de Internet: www.ticona.com





#### **General Disclaimer**

NOTICE TO USERS: Values shown are based on testing of laboratory test specimens and represent data that fall within the standard range of properties for natural material. These values alone do not represent a sufficient basis for any part design and are not intended for use in establishing maximum, minimum, or ranges of values for specification purposes. Colorants or other additives may cause significant variations

Properties of molded parts can be influenced by a wide variety of factors including, but not limited to, material selection, additives, part design, processing conditions and environmental exposure. Any determination of the suitability of a particular material and part design for any use contemplated by the users and the manner of such use is the sole responsibility of the users, who must assure themselves that the

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